

Half-Year Financial Report 2020



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KHD Humboldt Wedag International AG, Cologne, Germany

Half-year Financial Report 2020

ISIN: DE0006578008 GERMAN SECURITIES IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (WKN): 657800 Stock Exchange Symbol: KWG www.khd.com

Summary of the First Half Year 2020

- Adverse impact of the COVID-19 pandemic clearly visible
- Order intake in the amount of € 28.8 million below the previous year's figure
- Despite decrease in revenue from € 82.9 million to € 69.5 million, adjusted gross profit improved adjusted gross profit margin reached 13.5% (previous year: 9.9%).
- Positive effects from reorganization implemented in the previous year significant reduction in structural costs
- Group net result improved considerably from € -12.7 million to € -1.7 million

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in € million	Jan. 1 – June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 – June 30, 2019	Variance in %
Order intake	28.8	44.0	-34.5
Revenue	69.5	82.9	-16.2
Adjusted gross profit	9.4	8.2	14.6
Adjusted gross profit margin (in %)	13.5	9.9	36.7
Adjusted EBIT	-3.7	-5.6	33.9
Adjusted EBIT margin (in %)	-5.3	-6.8	21.2
EBT	-0.9	-10.6	91.5
Group net result	-1.7	-12.7	86.6
Earnings per share (in €)	-0.03	-0.26	88.5
Cash flow from operating activities	-7.6	-10.8	29.6
Cash flow from investing activities	1.9	0.7	-171.4
Cash flow from financing activities	-1.1	-2.0	45.0
			Variance
in € million	June 30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019	in %
Equity	98.0	101.5	-3.4
Equity ratio (in %)	38.7	39.6	-2.3
Cash and intercompany loans *	173.9	182.6	-4.8
Net working capital **	-47.4	-51.2	7.4
Order backlog	263.2	307.8	-14.5
Employees	653	664	-1.7

Key Figures at a Glance

* Including intercompany loan of € 100 million, € 50 million of which with entitlement to call for early repayment by giving 30 days' notice.

** Balance of current assets (less cash equivalents and current loans granted) and current liabilities.

Please note that differences can result from the use of rounded amounts and percentages.

MANAGEMENT REPORT REGARDING THE INTERIM GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Fundamental Group Principles

KHD Humboldt Wedag International AG (hereinafter also referred to as "KHD" or the "Group") made no fundamental changes to its business model, strategy or management system (see combined management report of December 31, 2019, pp. 11-17) during the first half-year 2020. In 2020, the focus at KHD is to make use of its sales activities in the Capex segment in a targeted manner with regard to business opportunities where the position of KHD as a technology leader can be exploited appropriately. Additional goals are to increase competitiveness, support a culture of excellence and performance, and implement target oriented research and development activities.

Management, monitoring and reporting within the Group continue to be based on the financial indicators listed below. With respect to the basic determination and calculation of these financial performance indicators, reference is made to the combined management report of December 31, 2019, page 15 et seq. The significant performance indicators of the Group are:

- Order intake and order backlog;
- Group revenue;
- Group earnings before taxes and interest (EBIT) as well as the ratio to revenue (EBIT margin);
- Operating cash flow.

For Group management purposes, KHD adjusts EBIT as necessary with regard to special effects. The adjusted EBIT as of June 30, 2020 is determined as follows:

in € million	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
EBIT prior to adjustments	-4.3	-14.3
Idle capacity costs	0.6	1.5
Reorganization costs	0.0	7.2
Adjusted EBIT	-3.7	-5.6

The adjustments include idle capacity costs of \in 0.6 million (previous year: \in 1.5 million) due to under-utilization of existing capacities.

In addition, the comprehensive reorganization of the subsidiary Humboldt Wedag GmbH (HW GmbH) resulted in one-time expenses of \in 7.2 million during the previous year.

Management and Supervision

Management Board

Effective February 1, 2020, Mr. Matthias Mersmann was appointed as another member of the Management Board of KHD. As Chief Technology Officer on the Management Board, Mr. Mersmann is specifically responsible for expanding the position of the KHD Group as a technology leader.

Economic Report

Market Environment

In view of the increasing barriers to trade (e. g. between China and the USA), structural economic downturns, and geopolitical tensions, 2019 was one of the most challenging years for the global economy since the financial crisis of 2008/2009. Emerging countries and other aspiring economies, with China, India, Brazil, and Russia topping the list, struggled with a slowdown in economic growth in 2019. According to the International Monetary Fund, global economic growth amounted to only 2.9% in 2019 after totaling 3.6% in 2018. Due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, the original growth forecast for 2020 is no longer valid; now a considerable decrease in global economic output must be expected. In addition to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, which are difficult to estimate at best, antagonism with regard to the price of oil in the first half-year 2020 resulted in further market insecurities. Based on the current perspective, extreme uncertainty with respect to the future development of global growth will remain for the rest of 2020 as well as at least the first half-year 2021.

Even though, according to a study by CW Research, the demand for cement recovered to a relatively low level in most of the key markets in the 2019 calendar year, a decrease in cement consumption is forecast for all markets for the ongoing year 2020. Due to the reduction in cement consumption, there is excess capacity for cement production in all of the key markets for KHD. However, even though there is excess capacity, there is still demand for KHD's portfolio of products and services. The Group can continue to take advantage of good business opportunities, particularly in increasing cement plant efficiency and reducing energy consumption, in the use of alternative fuels and the greater attention paid to environmental issues, and in the area of niche products. Even if the investment tendency and the financial options available to our customers for investment projects have declined during the current crisis, the major factors for a future increase in cement consumption remain unchanged. The increase in population, the need for additional living space, infrastructure projects, increasing industrialization and last, but not least, the greater purchasing power of consumers in emerging and developing countries will contribute to an improvement in the market environment in the medium term.

Overall Assessment of the Economic Situation

Economic development for the first half-year 2020 as measured by the result has much improved over that in the corresponding period in the previous year. The profitability of KHD, however, remains at an unsatisfactory level – in particular, due to the negative effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. With regard to all significant performance indicators, and especially for order intake, development within the reporting period fell short of the planned amount. However, a normalization of economic circumstances is tentatively expected in the second half-year, so KHD can confirm the forecast for order intake, increased revenue, and the significantly improved adjusted EBIT and adjusted EBIT margin over the entire year.

Revenue of \in 69.5 million was below that of the corresponding period in the previous year (\in 82.9 million), but at \in 9.4 million, the adjusted gross profit was considerable higher than that of the previous year's figure (\in 8.2 million). The adjusted gross profit margin of 9.9% in the corresponding period in the previous year has now improved to 13.5% accordingly. In the Capex segment, orders from previous years that were achieved only with price concessions and low margins made up a lower percentage of the revenue in comparison with previous periods. Moreover, unexpected cost overruns in the execution of orders were prevented for the most part. The focus on markets and products with which KHD offers customers real added value is clearly demonstrated in greater value creation and an improved gross profit margin. In addition, the significant reduction in structural costs related to the reorganization had a positive effect. Accordingly, despite noticeably decreased revenue, the adjusted EBIT improved from \in -5.6 million in the previous year to the current figure of \in -3.7 million.

Cash flow from operating activities amounted to \in -7.6 million (previous year: \notin - 10.8 million), essentially in line with the submitted outlook.

The successful implementation of the reorganization at the Cologne location and the adjustment of the strategy to focus on markets and products with which we offer customers real added value have generated very positive outcomes. In spite of the continuing unfavorable market conditions and the significant increase in uncertainty due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the KHD Group is convinced that, by taking further measures to increase competitiveness and support a culture of excellence and performance, sustainable positive results will be achieved again in the medium term. In the current 2020 financial year, however, based on current planning, earnings before tax (EBT) will not reach a positive value.

Business Development

In the first half-year 2020, order intake was \in 28.8 million, lower than the level reached in the previous year (\in 44.0 million). In addition to the previously existing restraint with regard to investment in the cement industry, the risks and uncertainty associated with the COVID-19 pandemic had a very significant impact. Customers reacted with great caution and postponed their investment decisions. Due to the lockdowns instituted in some countries due to the pandemic, cement plants were temporarily shut down, so even permanently scheduled maintenance work and spare parts orders were postponed.

Orders of \in 17.6 million were placed in the Capex segment in the first half-year 2020, a lower volume than in the previous year (\notin 25.3 million). Order intake in China, the USA, India, and South Korea contributed significantly. In the Plant Services segment, order intake of \notin 11.2 million was significantly lower than the previous year's figure (\notin 18.7 million). Spare parts and services activities contributed 39.0% to the overall order intake (previous year: 42.5%).

As a result of the lower order intake volume and taking the progress in execution of existing projects into consideration, order backlog as of June 30, 2020 decreased – compared with the figure of December 31, 2019 – by \in -14.5 million to \in 263.2 million. As in the previous year, in this reporting year adjustments caused by the reduction of order values (\in -2.8 million; previous year: \in -1.0 million) and effects of exchange rate fluctuations (\in 1.0 million; previous year: \in 1.0 million) were reported as changes to order backlog.

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As a result of the significant decrease in order intake and also due to regional differences in the distribution of the order backlog, complete utilization of existing capacities was not ensured at all KHD locations. Consequently, there were also idle capacity costs in the first half-year 2020 of \in 0.6 million, which were considerably lower than in the previous year (\in 1.5 million) due to the reduced capacity resulting from the reorganization. Due to the considerable regional differences in the distribution of the order backlog as of June 30, 2020, at some locations complete utilization of capacities may still not be possible in the second half-year 2020.

Group Earning Situation

KHD's revenue of \in 69.5 million did not reach the level of the previous year (\in 82.9 million). Significant contributions to revenue in the Capex segment came primarily from projects in the USA, India and China. The main reason for the decrease in revenue of 16.1% is the COVID-19 pandemic and the related restrictions. Several customers came to agreements with KHD to extend the agreed upon schedule for projects currently in the execution phase.

The gross profit for the first half-year 2020 was $\in 8.8$ million (previous year: $\in 6.8$ million). The costs of sales comprise $\in 0.6$ million (previous year: $\in 1.5$ million) in idle capacity costs that resulted from under-utilization of existing capacities. Because these costs are not directly associated with the revenues recognized, they were corrected when determining adjusted gross profit. Adjusted gross profit for the first half-year 2020 was $\in 9.4$ million (previous year: $\in 8.2$ million). The adjusted gross profit margin increased from 9.9% to 13.5%. The focus on markets and products with which KHD offers customers real added value is clearly demonstrated in greater value creation and an improved gross profit margin. Moreover, unexpected cost overruns in the execution of orders were prevented for the most part. The significant reduction in structural costs related to the reorganization also had a positive effect on the gross profit margin.

In contrast to the first six months of the 2019 financial year, sales expenses decreased considerably by 26.9%, from \in 6.7 million to \in 4.9 million.

On one hand, this is due to lower personnel expenses; on the other hand, the tendering costs (including travel expenses) decreased because there were fewer customer inquiries due to the COVID-19 pandemic. General and administrative expenses in the amount of $\in 6.4$ million (previous year: $\in 5.9$ million) increased by 8.8%. There were no expenses for reorganization in the first half-year 2020 (previous year: $\in 7.2$ million). Other expenses increased slightly from $\in 2.3$ million to $\in 2.6$ million. Besides $\in 1.3$ million of expenses for research and development (previous year: $\in 1.1$ million), other expenses also include exchange rate effects (including foreign exchange forward contracts) of $\in 0.9$ million (previous year: $\in 0.8$ million). Expenses resulting from exchange rate effects are offset against the revenue from exchange rate effects in the amount of $\in 0.5$ million (previous year: $\in 0.6$ million).

Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) is still negative at \in -4.3 million, but improved quite significantly in comparison with the same period in the previous year (\in -14.3 million). The primary reasons for this are the improved gross profit with respect to the previous year, reduced sales expenses, and the elimination of the one-time effect of the reorganization (previous year: expenses of \in 7.2 million). The EBIT margin is negative at -6.1%, but improved significantly in comparison with the previous year. The adjusted EBIT of \in - 3.7 million (after eliminating idle capacity costs and expenses related to reorganization) was also greater than the previous year's figure (\in -5.6 million).

The Group's net finance income decreased from $\in 3.7$ million in the previous year to $\notin 3.3$ million in the first half-year 2020. Finance income of $\notin 4.1$ million (previous year: $\notin 4.4$ million), which includes interest received in the amount of $\notin 2.9$ million (previous year: $\notin 2.9$ million) from two loans granted in the 2017 financial year to AVIC International Kairong Limited ("AVIC Kairong"), Hong Kong, for a total amount of $\notin 100.0$ million, is offset by finance expenses of $\notin 0.7$ million (previous year: $\notin 0.7$ million).

The Group net result for the first half-year 2020 was slightly negative at \in -1.7 million, but demonstrated significant improvement in comparison with the result of the first half-year 2019 (\in -12.7 million). Basic and diluted earnings per share totaled \in -0.03 (previous year: \in -0.26).

Segment Earnings Situation

Revenue in the Capex segment in the six-month period in 2020 reached \in 56.9 million, following a figure of \in 58.9 million in the first half-year 2019, a decrease of 3.5%. The COVID-19 pandemic had a very clear effect on the Plant Services segment, which experienced a decrease in revenue. Though revenue of \in 23.9 million was achieved in the first six months of 2019, in the same period in 2020 revenue was just \in 12.6 million, a 47.3% reduction. The primary reasons for decrease in revenue in this business segment include a significantly lower order backlog at the beginning of the year, lower order intake in the first half-year 2020, and delays initiated by customers, which affected revenue from spare parts orders. The Plant Services segment contributed 18.2% to the total revenue; during the same period in the previous year, it contributed 28.9%.

In the reporting period, despite the decrease in revenue, the Capex segment achieved a significantly improved gross profit of \in 4.8 million (previous year: \in 0.5 million). The focus on markets and products with which KHD offers customers real added value is clearly demonstrated in greater value creation and an improved gross profit margin, which increased from 0.9% to 8.5%. Moreover, unexpected cost overruns in the execution of orders were prevented for the most part. Idle capacity costs apply only to the Capex segment, so the adjusted gross profit for this segment is \in 5.4 million (previous year: \in 1.9 million). As a result, the adjusted gross profit margin in the Capex segment was 9.5% (previous year: 3.2%). In the Plant Services segment, a gross profit of \in 4.0 million was achieved (previous year: \in 6.3 million). As such, the gross profit margin of 31.7% demonstrates an improvement with respect to the previous year's figure of 26.4%.

In the reporting period, EBIT in the Capex segment was \in -5.2 million, a considerable improvement in comparison with the same period during the previous year (\in -16.6 million). Primarily responsible for this positive development, in addition to the previously mentioned increase in gross profit, is the elimination of the one-time expenses for reorganization of \in 6.4 million in the first half-year 2019, attributable to the Capex segment. EBIT in the Plant Services segment was also negatively affected in the first half-year 2019 by the one-time effects of reorganization (\in 0.8 million). Despite the improved cost structure, due to the decreases in revenue and gross profit in the first half-year 2020, the segment was unable to achieve the EBIT figure of the corresponding period in the previous year (\in 2.3 million), instead reaching a positive EBIT of \in 1.0 million.

Financial Position and Net Assets

Liquidity

The total cash and cash equivalents decreased in the first half-year 2020 by € 8.7 million, from € 82.6 million as of December 31, 2019 to € 73.9 million as of June 30, 2020. The primary reason for this decline is a negative cash flow from operating activities of € -7.6 million (previous year: € -10.8 million).

For further details regarding operating cash flow, see the following table:

Cash flow effect from operating activities for the first half-year 2020	in € thousand
Cash flow from customer contacts with revenue recognition over time	(26,491)
Cash flow from current liabilities/ invoices from suppliers	21,458
Cash flow from changes in receivables	5,391
Cash flow from utilization of provisions and long term liabilities	(3,748)
Cash outflow from result (EBITDA)	(2,901)
Cash flow from tax payments made/ received	(896)
Other cash inflows and outflows	(421)
Cash flow from operating activities	(7,608)

Cash flow from operating activities

Cash flow from investment activities of € 1.9 million is greater than the previous year's figure (€ 0.7 million) and primarily includes interest payments received for the loans extended to AVIC Kairong (€ 2.9 million) and cash outflow for fixed assets (€ 1.0 million). Cash flow from financing activities is € -1.1 million (previous year: € -2.0 million) is affected by payments and interest in the amount of \in 0.9 million on the lease liabilities recognized since January 1, 2019. In addition, as in the previous year, interest payments for a bank loan in the amount of $\in 0.2$ million were due and payable. Taking the effects of negative currency exchange rates in the amount of € 1.9 million into consideration, cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2020 amount to € 73.9 million (December 31, 2019: € 82.6 million).

Total Assets

Balance sheet total of the KHD Group slightly decreased from the figure at the end of 2019 (€ 256.7 million) by € 3.5 million to a current total of € 253.2 million. The Group's non-current assets (€ 123.3 million; previous year: € 23.4 million) are determined by two loans to AVIC Kairong, each for € 50 million. Because they were originally due for repayment in July and November 2020, these loans were recognized in the current assets as of December 31, 2019. According to the contractual agreement of June 30, 2020, the term of the two loans was extended by three years, so they were reclassified under the non-current assets. Interest on the two loans as of the beginning of the extended terms (July 22, 2020 and November 13, 2020) amounts to 5% per annum. Other non-current assets differed only slightly. Within the current assets, the contract assets increased by € 4.2 million and the advance payments increased by € 6.0 million, while the receivables decreased by € 5.6 million. Cash and cash equivalents decreased by € 8.7 million from € 82.6 to € 73.9 million.

Financing

On the liabilities side, non-current liabilities decreased in comparison with December 31, 2019 by \in 1.4 million to \in 51.8 million. A reduction of \in 1.5 million in pension commitments significantly affected this decrease.

Within the current liabilities, there were considerable changes within trade and other payables on one hand and in contract liabilities and advance payments received on the other. Due to (progress) billings, contract liabilities and payments received decreased by \in 16.8 million, while trade and other payables increased by \in 21.6 million.

The net working capital – the difference between current assets (less cash and cash equivalents and short-term loans) and current liabilities – of \in -47.4 million decreased slightly in comparison with the figure as of December 31, 2019 (\in -51.2 million), but still remains at a very good level.

Equity decreased during the reporting period by \in 3.5 million from \in 101.5 to \in 98.0 million. In addition to the negative Group net result of \in -1.7 million in the first half-year, this reduction primarily results from the differences due to currency translation in the amount of \notin 2.7 million reported in equity. Despite the slight reduction in equity, at 38.7%, the equity ratio remains at a good level.

Non-Financial Performance Indicators

Non-financial performance indicators include mainly employee development, customer satisfaction, the impact of our products on the environment, product quality and individual employee-related performance indicators.

Target achievement in relation to non-financial performance indicators is measured with the help of various instruments, such as annual employee appraisal, or the systematic measuring of emissions values and energy consumption of individual products. Valueoriented management in the KHD Group means that, for example, customer satisfaction and the minimization of our products' impact on the environment are more important than short-term profit maximization.

The expenses for research and development in the KHD Group were \in 1.3 million in the first half-year 2020 (previous year: \in 1.1 million). Despite the ongoing unsatisfactory result situation, KHD invested in targeted further development of its technology for cement plants. In addition to improving major plant components, the primary focus of research and development (R&D) is improving the efficiency of cement production plants. Other crucial R&D topics include developing environmentally friendly products and solution concepts, with a particular emphasis on energy efficiency and emissions reduction, as well as using alternative fuels in cement plants. An important goal is to continue to minimize the CO₂ footprint associated with cement production in addition to reducing nitrogen oxide emissions (NO_X).

The KHD Group had 653 employees (excluding trainees) at the end of June 2020 (end of 2019: 664). The primary reason for the decrease is the reduction in staff related to reorganization at Humboldt Wedag GmbH at the Cologne headquarters of KHD.

Report on Events after the Reporting Period

There were no further substantial developments or events of particular significance after the balance sheet date of June 30, 2020.

Risk and Opportunities Report

KHD's approach to risk management ensures that changes in the risk position are promptly identified. To the extent required, provisions are set up for specific risks. The risks identified do not pose a threat to the KHD Group as a going concern, either individually or in combination.

In comparison with the balance sheet date in 2019, there has been no significant change in the assessment of risks and opportunities as of the date of this half-year report. The risk of regional or trans-regional epidemics or illness noted under "Country Risks" in the KHD Group's combined management report was realized in the first half-year 2020 as the COVID-19 pandemic and has had serious and negative consequences for business development. However, the assessment of risks and opportunities for the KHD Group has not changed for the medium or long term as a result.

For a detailed description of the risks and opportunities, please refer to the relevant section in the KHD Group's combined management report as of December 31, 2019 (page 41 et seq. of the Group Annual Report).

Outlook

According to analysis by the market research institute CW Research, global cement consumption will decrease in 2020 in comparison with the previous year by 9%. In 2021, another reduction in cement consumption of 4% is expected globally. The predicted decrease in cement consumption outside of China is somewhat lower: 8% in 2020 and 3% in 2021. The percentage China contributes to global cement consumption is expected to remain stable at over 50%.

To a great extent, the KHD Group is able to confirm the outlook provided for the 2020 financial year in the 2019 annual report despite the serious and negative effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Because order intake for the 2019 financial year was influenced significantly by a large project concluded in July 2019, the outlook published in March 2020 already indicated that the order intake and order backlog will both remain significantly below last year's level. However, in comparison with the first half-year 2020, which was severely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, we still expect significant improvement in the order intake in both the Capex and the Plant Services segments in the second half-year. In addition to the ongoing development of the pandemic, the expected order intake in the 2020 financial year is also highly dependent on geopolitical factors as well as the financial options available to our customers for investment projects. As the recording of order intake, even for contracts already signed, is often based on the fulfillment of further conditions, there may well be shifts of order intake in the 2021 financial year.

The KHD Group confirms the outlook for revenue, adjusted EBIT and adjusted EBIT margin. Revenue will be considerably higher than the previous year's level. Due in particular to the unsatisfactory margins of the order intake in previous years and insufficient business volume in the Plant Services segment, adjusted EBIT will remain at a disappointing level in the 2020 financial year as well. With respect to the previous year, however, adjusted EBIT and the adjusted EBIT margin will improve considerably, but due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic in particular, the KHD Group will likely not meet the original result target entirely. Despite the clearly positive financial result, earnings before tax (EBT) will be slightly negative. Due to scheduled project-related cash outflows and the low cash inflow associated with advance payments by customers, KHD continues to expect a negative operating cash flow in the low double digit millions range for the 2020 financial year. Despite the negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and a slightly negative EBT, our outlook shows that the KHD Group's financial and net asset position will remain stable in the 2020 financial year. The liquidity situation and the high equity ratio remain at a comfortable level, which provides us with the flexibility to successfully cope with difficult market phases as well as the current, unsatisfactory earnings situation. The successful implementation of the reorganization at the Cologne site and the adjustment of the strategy to focus on markets and products with which we offer customers real added value have generated very positive outcomes. In spite of the currently unfavorable market conditions and the negative effects and uncertainty due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the KHD Group is convinced that, by taking further measures to increase competitiveness and support a culture of excellence and performance, sustainable positive results will be achieved again in the medium term.

Opportunities and Risks Relating to the Outlook for the Second Half-Year 2020

While the risk management system is, in principle, oriented toward the medium and long term, during the planning process special consideration is given to the opportunities and risks that can have an effect within the forecast period. Due to the special characteristics of long-term plant engineering, risks and opportunities can also lead to significant deviations from forecast figures in short-term outlook. Moreover, the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic significantly increased the uncertainty associated with the development of order intake the earnings position.

There are significant risks, but also opportunities with regard to the predicted figures for order intake, particularly in the Capex segment. The awarding of individual large contracts to the KHD Group can significantly affect the order intake in the second half of the 2020 financial year. Despite close collaboration with customers during the tendering process, customer investment decisions and the awarding of individual projects to the KHD Group can only be forecast with substantial uncertainty, which can lead to either higher or lower order intake.

The revenue and earnings forecast is mainly based on order backlog in the Capex segment and on the planning of business in the Plant Services segment, which is significantly less cyclical. The risks and opportunities relating to the planned revenue and earnings figures are nevertheless significant in the second half of the 2020 financial year as well because, in addition to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, delays or accelerations in project execution, postponement of awarding projects included in the planned order intake, and unexpected changes in the results of specific projects can affect these figures.

Cologne, Germany, August 14, 2020

The Management Board

(s) Yizhen Zhu

(s) Jürgen Luckas

(s) Dr. Matthias Jochem

(s) Tao Xing

(s) Matthias Mersmann

INTERIM GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENT

1 GROUP INCOME STATEMENT of KHD Humboldt Wedag International AG for the Period from January 1 to June 30, 2020

in € thousand	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019
Revenue	69,480	82,853
Cost of sales	(60,646)	(76,099)
Gross profit	8,834	6,754
Other operating income Sales expenses General and administrative expenses Reorganization costs Other expenses	868 (4,926) (6,433) 0 (2,599)	1,118 (6,737) (5,912) (7,200) (2,302)
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	(4,256)	(14,279)
Finance income Finance expenses	4,089 (751)	4,431 (754)
Net finance income	3,338	3,677
Earnings before tax (EBT)	(918)	(10,602)
Income tax expense	(808)	(2,141)
Group net result	(1,726)	(12,743)
Of which are attributable to: Parent company shareholders Non-controlling interests	(1,728) 2 (1,726)	(12,748) 5_ (12,743)
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EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019
Net profit attributable to shareholders (in € thousand)	(1,728)	(12,748)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	49,703,573	49,703,573
Basic (undiluted) and diluted earnings per share in $igcelon$	(0.03)	(0.26)

2 GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for KHD Humboldt Wedag International AG for the Period from January 1 to June 30, 2020

in € thousand	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019
Group net result	(1,726)	(12,743)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met		
Currency translation differences	(2,673)	604
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		
Actuarial gains and losses related to defined benefit obligations less - deferred taxes related thereto	900	(1,117)
Effect from the first-time adoption of IFRS 16 Other comprehensive income	<u> </u>	(357) (870)
Group comprehensive income	(3,499)	(13,613)
Of which attributable to:		
Parent company shareholders	(3,501)	(13,618)
Non-controlling interests	2	5_
	(3,499)	(13,613)

As in the previous year, no income taxes on currency translation differences were applicable. There are also, as in the previous year, no deferred tax assets or liabilities related to actuarial gains and losses.

3 GROUP BALANCE SHEET of KHD Humboldt Wedag International AG as of June 30, 2020

ASSETS	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Dec. 31, 2019</u>
in € thousand		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	9,560	9,730
Goodwill	5,162	5,162
Other intangible assets	1,358	1,269
Right of use	3,922	3.896
Trade and other receivables	2,121	2,252
Other financial assets	100,000	0
Deferred tax assets	1,193	1,092
Total non-current assets	123,316	23,401
Current assets		
Inventories	4,271	3,349
Contract assets	8,003	3,754
Trade and other receivables	26,447	32,074
Payments made in advance	16,002	10,046
Other financial assets	809	101,103
Income tax assets	435	387
Cash and cash equivalents	73,947	82,622
Total current assets	129,914	233,335
Total assets	253,230	256,736

EQUITY	AND	LIABIL	ITIES

June 30, 2020 Dec. 31, 2019

in € thousand

Equity

Subscribed capital	49,704	49,704
Capital reserves	61,097	61,097
Currency translation differences recognized in equity	(11,126)	(8,453)
Retained earnings	(2,124)	(1,297)
Shares of equity attributable to shareholders of the		
parent company	97,551	101,051
Non-controlling interests	491	489
Total equity	98,042	101,540
Non-current liabilities		
Other liabilities	2,835	3,082
Lease liabilities	2,945	2,627
Loan	25,000	25,000
Pension benefit obligations	18,108	19,609
Deferred tax liabilities	0	 18
Provisions	2,909	2,904
Total non-current liabilities	51,797	53,240
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	54,685	33,101
Contract liabilities and advanced payments received	29,616	46,395
Income tax liabilities	531	395
Provisions	18,559	22,065
Total current liabilities	103,391	101,956
Total equity and liabilities	253,230	256,736

4 GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW for KHD Humboldt Wedag International AG for the Period from January 1 to June 30, 2020

in € thousand	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019
Cash flow from operating activities		
Group net result	(1,726)	(12,743)
Income tax expense recognized in the income statement	808	2,141
Net finance income recognized in the income statement	(3,338)	(3,677)
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)	(4,256)	(14,279)
Amortization and depreciation of non-current assets	1,355	628
Increase(-)/decrease in trade receivables and financial		
assets	6,002	7,711
Increase (-)/decrease in inventories and contract assets	(5,170)	6,235
Increase (-)/decrease in payments made in advance and		
other financial assets	(5,662)	2,945
Increase (+)/decrease in trade and other payables and		
contract liabilities and advance payments received	4,944	(9,740)
Increase (+)/decrease in pension benefit obligations	(601)	(601)
Increase (+)/decrease in provisions and non-current liabilities	(3,748)	(3,984)
Other non-cash-transactions	329	268
Other translation differences	(774)	173
Interest received	872	698
Interest paid	(3)	(153)
Income tax received	0	145
Income tax paid	(896)	(848)
Cash flow from operating activities	(7,608)	(10,802)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Cash outflow for intangible assets	(254)	(235)
Cash outflow for property, plant and equipment	(778)	(482)
Cash inflow from the disposal of property, plant and	(170)	(102)
equipment	0	2
Interest received from Intercompany loans	2,974	1,463
Cash flow from investing activities	1,942	748
	· ,• · •	1-10

in € thousand	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019
Cash flow from financing activities		
Dividends paid	0	(852)
Interest paid for loans	(240)	(239)
lease payments	(871)	(861)
Cash flow from financing activities	(1,111)	(1,952)
Change in unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	(6,777)	(12,006
Opening balance of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	82,622	72,228
Exchange rate effects	(1,898)	431
Closing balance of unrestricted cash and cash		
equivalents	73,947	60,653
in € thousand		
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Composition of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents		
Current bank accounts and cash	45,411	36,579
Short-term bank deposits and restricted cash	28,536	24,074
Total cash and cash equivalents	73,947	60,653
Closing balance of unrestricted cash and cash	70.077	00.070
equivalents	73,947	60,653

5 GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for KHD Humboldt Wedag International AG for the Period from January 1 to June 30, 2020

in € thousand	Subscribed capital	•	Treasury shares	Currency translation differences recognized in equity	Retained earnings	Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company	Non- controlling interests	Total
Dec.31, 2018 / Jan. 1, 2019	49,704	61,097	-	(8,195)	19,207	121,813	1,299	123,112
Group net result for the period	-	-	-	-	(12,748)	(12,748)	5	(12,743)
Actuarial gains and losses and other effects on the group comprehensive income Currency translation differences	-	-	-	- 604	(1,474)	(1,474) 604	-	(1,474) 604
Group comprehensive income Other changes	-	-	-	604 -	(14,222) -	(13,618) -	5	(13,613) -
June 30, 2019	49,704	61,097	-	(7,591)	4,985	108,195	452	108,647
Group net result for the period	-	-	-	-	(6,127)	(6,127)	36	(6,091)
Actuarial gains and losses and other effects on the group comprehensive income* Currency translation differences	-	-	-	- (862)	(155)	(155) (862)	-	(155) (862)
Group comprehensive income	-	-	-	(862)	(6,282)	(7,144)	36	(7,108)
Other changes Dividend payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 -	1
Dec.31, 2019	49,704	61,097	-	(8,453)	(1,297)	101,051	489	101,540
Group net result for the period	-	-	-	-	(1,728)	(1,728)	2	(1,726)
Actuarial gains and losses and other effects on the group comprehensive income Currency translation differences	-	-	-	- (2,673)	900	900 (2,673)	-	900 (2,673)
Group comprehensive income Dividend payments	-	-	-	(2,673)	(828) 1	(3,501) 1	2	(3,499)
June 30, 2020	49,704	61,097	-	(11,126)	(2,124)	97,551	491	98,042

* The effect of the initial application of the new IFRS 16 rules (€ -357 thousand) is recorded in other comprehensive income.

6 NOTES TO THE GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS of KHD Humboldt Wedag International AG as of June 30, 2020

1. Group Structure and Affiliated Companies

KHD Humboldt Wedag International AG ("KHD" or "Group") is one of the world's leading providers of equipment and services for cement producers. In its capacity as the managing holding company of the Group, KHD holds a 100% interest in KHD Humboldt Wedag GmbH, Cologne/Germany as of June 30, 2020, unchanged since December 31, 2019. The core business areas of KHD's 11 Group companies are industrial plant engineering and providing related services. The strategic and operational focus of the Group entities is on planning and supplying equipment for constructing plants for the cement industry and providing a comprehensive range of services.

2. Reporting Principles

The interim financial statements of KHD are prepared using uniform accounting principles. The interim financial statements of KHD and of the subsidiaries that are included in the consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the related interpretations of the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), as applicable pursuant to regulation No. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and Council concerning the application of International Accounting Standards in the EU for interim financial reporting. In accordance with IAS 34, this interim report does not contain all of the information and notes to the financial statements that the IFRS requires for consolidated financial statements at the end of a financial year.

These consolidated financial statements and the Group management report for the first halfyear 2020 were neither audited pursuant to Section 317 of the German Commercial Code (HGB) nor were they subjected to an auditor's review.

The accounting and measurement methods applied in these interim financial statements are consistent with those applied as of December 31, 2019, unless changes are described. The methods are described in detail in KHD's Group Annual Report on the IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2019 on page 63 et seq.

These interim consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the net assets, financial position and result of operations during the reporting period.

The preparation of interim financial statements requires that estimates are used and assumptions made that impact the assets, liabilities, provisions, deferred tax assets and liabilities as well as income and expenses. Over time, the estimates and assumptions can change and significantly affect the net assets, financial position and result of operations of KHD. Although the estimates and assumptions are made carefully and conscientiously, it cannot be ruled out that the actual amounts might deviate from the estimates used in the interim financial statements.

The assumptions and estimates apply for the most part to the group-wide determination of economic useful life, the assumptions for the impairment test of goodwill, the measurement of provisions and the usability of tax loss carryforwards as well as the estimation of project costs and the percentage of completion in case of customer contracts with revenue recognition over time.

The KHD Group operates in the area of plant engineering and construction. Contracts in this area are frequently customer contracts with revenue recognition over time. In these cases, KHD determines the result and revenue according to the stage of completion based on the proportion of contract costs already incurred for the project to the estimated total contract costs, i.e. an input method is applied. In the result, the revenue recognition over time for customer contracts is equivalent to the recognition of profit based on the stage of completion. An expected loss from customer contracts with revenue recognized over time is immediately recorded in full as an expense. When revenue is recognized over time, the estimate of the stage of completion is particularly important. Significant estimates include, in particular, the overall project costs, overall contract revenues, contract risks and other relevant figures. When revenue is recognized over time, the network figures are of the revenue is recognized over time, changes in estimates can lead to an increase or decrease in revenue.

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in euro. All amounts, including figures used for comparison, are stated in thousands of euros (€ thousand). All amounts have been rounded in accordance with standard commercial practice.

3. Applying New or Revised International Financial Reporting Standards

In the reporting period, the Group applied all International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) standards and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) interpretations required to be applied, provided that the standards and interpretations have already been endorsed by the European Union (EU).

Initial Application of Recently Published Standards

KHD has already made a detailed statement regarding the initial application of IFRS 16 "Leases" and its effect on the net assets, financial position, and result of operations in the IFRS consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2019 on page 74 et seq.

The following rules and amendments in EU law were adopted in the first half-year 2020:

- Amendment to IFRS 3: "Definition of a Business", published in October 2018, endorsed into EU law in April 2020;
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, and IFRS 7: According to the "Interest Benchmark Reform", existing interest benchmarks such as "IBOR" are to be replaced by new, less risky benchmarks developed by the Financial Stability Board (FSB). This affects hedge accounting rules, for example, and the continuation of hedge accounting in the balance sheet. Endorsed into EU law in January 2020.

The application of these rules and amendments does not result in any significant effects on the Group's net assets, financial position and result of operations.

Published Standards for which application is not yet required

In the current reporting period, the IASB has published a variety of standards, interpretations and changes to standards and interpretations, the application of which is not yet mandatory and, in part, still require endorsement into EU law.

- Amendments to IFRS 3, IAS 16, and IAS 37: Published in May 2020, initial application in the 2022 financial year, endorsement into EU law still pending;
- Amendments to IFRS 16: "Rent Concessions", published in May 2020, initial application in the 2020 financial year, endorsement into EU law still pending.

KHD does not expect these amendments to result in any significant effects on the Group's net assets, financial position and result of operations.

4. Consolidation

Subsidiaries are the companies in which investments are held and in which KHD has power over the investee, has an exposure to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and has the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of KHD's returns. At KHD this is regularly the case when KHD holds, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the voting rights or controls the business activities in another manner. These companies are, as a general rule, consolidated. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date when actual control is transferred to KHD and are deconsolidated from the date when control no longer exists. All intercompany transactions, balances, and unrealized profits or losses on intra-Group transactions are eliminated. The accounting and measurement principles applicable to subsidiaries pursuant to statutory law are adjusted in order to ensure consistency with the accounting and valuation principles of KHD. Non-controlling interests are presented and commented on separately.

Besides KHD AG, the Group includes:

Name of company	Registered office	Main Business	Capital and voting rights in % June 30, 2020	Capital and voting rights in % Dec. 31, 2019		Currency	Subscribed capital June 30, 2020	Subscribed capital Dec. 31, 2019
KHD Humboldt Wedag GmbH	Cologne, Germany	Holding function	100.00	100.00	D	€	15,339,300	15,339,300
Humboldt Wedag GmbH	Cologne, Germany	Plant engineering	100.00	100.00	Ι	€	7,000,000	7,000,000
ZAB Zementanlagenbau GmbH Dessau	Dessau, Germany	Plant engineering	100.00	100.00	I	€	2,000,000	2,000,000
Blake International Ltd.	Road Town, British Virgin Islands	Holding function	100.00	100.00	I	USD	1,000	1,000
KHD Humboldt Wedag Vermögensverwaltungs-AG	Cologne, Germany	Asset management	91.26	91.26	I	€	3,600,000	3,600,000
Humboldt Wedag Inc.	Norcross, USA	Plant engineering	100.00	100.00	Ι	USD	1,000	1,000
Humboldt Wedag India Private Ltd.	New Delhi, India	Plant engineering	100.00	100.00	Ι	INR	19,200,000	19,200,000
KHD Humboldt Wedag Machinery Equipment (Beijing) Co. Ltd	Beijing, China	Sales	100.00	100.00	D	USD	2,100,000	2,100,000
KHD Humboldt Engineering OOO	Moscow, Russia	Plant Engineering	100.00	100.00	Ι	RUB	3,722,222	3,722,222
Humboldt Wedag Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia	Plant engineering	100.00	100.00	I	MYR	500,000	500,000
Humboldt Wedag Do Brasil Servicos Technicos Ltda	Belo Horizonte, Brazil	Sales	100.00	100.00	I	BRL	801,847	801,847

D = directly owned

I = indirectly owned

5. Segment Reporting

For KHD, reporting is done in two separate segments. The Capex segment (project business) is differentiated from the Plant Services segment (after sales business). Segment reporting is oriented towards internal Group management control and internal financial reporting, i. e. it is based on the management approach. The business activities of the two reportable segments include the following services:

- Capex (project business)

In the Capex segment, the KHD Group reports all revenues and expenses resulting from supplying equipment for cement plants and providing services directly linked to the equipment supply. This encompasses process technology, design, engineering, project management and the supply of technology and equipment. In addition, supervision of erection and commissioning of cement plants are allocated to this segment. General and administrative expenses, sales expenses and other expenses (in particular research and development costs) are allocated to this segment, accordingly.

- Plant Services

The Plant Services segment is engaged in after sales business. It comprises all revenues and expenses resulting from supplying spare parts and providing services to existing cement plants. Services include optimizing cement plants, maintenance services, carrying out plant audits, creating optimization concepts and training plant personnel. General and administrative expenses, sales expenses and other expenses are allocated to the segment accordingly.

Management and controlling of the KHD Group is based in particular on key figures for the balance sheet and income statement. However, for the operating segments, key figures are determined only for the income statement and for order intake, but not for the balance sheet. In its function as the chief operating decision maker, the Management Board assesses the profitability of the segments based on the operating result (earnings before interest and taxes – EBIT, or rather, adjusted EBIT).

The following table provides an overview of the business for the 2020 and 2019 financial half-years.

	Capex	Plant Services	Total Group	Capex	Plant Services	Total Group
in € thousand	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019
Order intake	17,581	11,231	28,812	25,259	18,702	43,961
Revenue	56,861	12,619	69,480	58,904	23,949	82,853
Cost of sales	(52,045)	(8,601)	(60,646)	(58,403)	(17,696)	(76,099)
Gross profit	4,816	4,018	8,834	501	6,253	6,754
Other income	868	-	868	1,118	-	1,118
Sales expenses	(3,153)	(1,773)	(4,926)	(4,822)	(1,915)	(6,737)
General and administrative expenses	(5,176)	(1,257)	(6,433)	(4,706)	(1,206)	(5,912)
Reorganization costs	-	-	-	(6,400)	(800)	(7,200)
Other expenses	(2,599)	-	(2,599)	(2,302)	-	(2,302)
Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) Net finance income Profit before tax for information:	(5,244)	988	(4,256) 3,338 (918)	(16,611)	2,332	(14,279) 3,677 (10,602)
depreciation and amortization	-		(1,032)	-		(628)

The recognition and measurement principles used for the reportable segments are in line with the IFRS principles described above that are used for the Group financial statements. Revenue and segment-related expenses are directly allocated to the respective segment. Expenses and income which cannot be allocated directly to the segments (e.g. general and administrative expenses) are allocated to the segments using appropriate allocation keys.

In its segment reporting, the KHD Group reports only revenue from external customers, i. e. revenue between the two segments is eliminated. Currently, the segments do not recognize revenue with the respective, other segment.

Revenue for the Capex segment includes license revenue in the amount of \in 0.3 million (as of June 30, 2019: \in 0.1 million). Due to contract conditions, the Capex segment recognizes revenue primarily over a specific period. The Plant Services segment recognizes revenue from the spare parts business primarily at a specific point in time. Services in the Plant Services segment are also recognized over time.

The following project data was allocated to the different geographical areas according to the place of performance or delivery of the products and services.

	Reve	enue	Non-curre	nt assets
in € thousand	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
North America	35,354	2,952	897	186
Rest of Asia	8,829	26,726	-	2
India	8,051	10,597	8,727	9,406
China	5,205	736	155	218
Germany	4,955	4,069	7,183	7,203
Middle East	1,866	8,638	-	-
Rest of Europe	1,841	10,530	-	-
Russia	1,122	2,363	3,040	3,042
Africa	924	13,154	-	-
South America	830	3,060	-	-
Other	503	28		
	69,480	82,853	20,002	20,057

	Order	Intake	Order B	Backlog
in € thousand	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
China	8,738	4,287	9,217	5,763
North America	8,187	5,524	179,519	206,558
India	3,872	17,179	24,901	30,637
Rest of Asia	2,734	8,259	18,729	25,890
Middle East	1,429	1,739	3,104	3,541
Germany	1,133	1,645	4,278	9,291
Rest of Europe	952	3,099	2,647	3,535
Russia	728	1,245	7,201	7,724
Africa	671	476	4,947	5,200
South America	303	458	995	1,519
Other	65	41	7,703	8,142
	28,812	43,961	263,241	307,800

6. Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities and Advance Payments Received

The measurement of customer contracts with revenue recognition over time takes the cost of sales plus proportionate profits depending on the stage of completion less progress billings into consideration. Expected contract losses from ongoing customer contracts are reported in the provisions.

in € thousand	June 30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
Costs incurred to date for construction contracts with realization of revenues over time	124,100	102,247
Proportionate results under these contracts recognized to date	6,764	4,820
Total costs incurred and profits recognized	130,864	107,067
Less progress billings	(148,033)	(144,961)
Balance of contract assets and contract liabilities	(17,169)	(37,894)
This amount is comprised as follows: Contract assets Contract liabilities	8,003 (25,172) (17,169)	3,754 (41,648) (37,894)
Disclosure on the credit side of the balance sheet		
Contract liabilities	(25,172)	(41,648)
Advance payments received	(4,444)	(4,747)
Contract liabilities and advance payments received	(29,616)	(46,395)

The net position of contrast assets and contract liabilities and advance payments received increased by $\in 20,725$ thousand from $\in -37,894$ thousand to $\in -17,169$ thousand. Of the revenue of $\in 69,480$ thousand recognized in the reporting period (as of June 30, 2019: $\in 82,853$ thousand), $\in 57,498$ thousand is attributable to customer contracts with revenue recognition over time based on the stage of completion (as of June 30, 2019: $\in 68,151$ thousand).

The impairment of contract assets for expected credit rating losses recognized in the reporting period is insignificant.

The measurement of customer contracts with revenue recognition over time is affected by estimations with respect to project revenue and project costs. Here, particularly in terms of the additional incurred costs up to completion and, therefore, the total project costs, changes in estimates can occur. Changes in estimates for projects are recorded in the calculation of the amount for earnings and expenses in the profit or loss for the period in which the change was made as well as in the following periods. In this way, changes in estimates have a direct effect on the recognized result from customer contracts with revenue recognition over time. There were no negative effects from changes in estimates in the first half-year 2020 (as of June 30, $2019: \notin 5 - 7$ million).

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Group discloses cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \in 73,947 thousand (as of December 31, 2019: \in 82,622 thousand).

in € thousand	June 30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
Bank balances and cash on hand	45,411	51,889
Short-term bank deposits	28,536	30,733
	73.947	82.622

8. Other Expenses

in € thousand	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019
Research and development	1,264	1,123
Exchange rate losses and expenses from derivatives	940	791
Miscellaneous expenses	395	388
	2,599	2,302

9. Income Tax Expenses

The expenses recognized in the first half-year 2020 for income taxes amount to \notin 808 thousand (as of June 30, 2019: \notin 2,141 thousand). The income tax expense is composed as follows:

in T€	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019
Current tax expense	(1,008)	(1,307)
Deferred tax expense (-) / income (+)	200	(834)
Tax expense for the year	(808)	(2,141)

The taxes disclosed in the interim period are calculated using the estimated effective tax rate of the respective KHD Group company.

10. Transactions with Related Parties

As defined by IAS 24, in addition to the subsidiaries of KHD, the related companies also include those companies that have a controlling or joint management interest in KHD or exercise considerable influence as well as those other related companies of AVIC Group that are affiliated with these. As business transactions between KHD and its consolidated subsidiaries were eliminated in the consolidation process, the following presents only the transactions with respect to direct and indirect parent companies of KHD and the other related companies or persons that were not eliminated.

Relationships to Indirect Parent Companies

There has been a cooperation agreement with AVIC Beijing since 2010, reinforced since February 2011 by the capital interest in KHD amounting to 20% that is held by Max Glory Industries Limited (Max Glory), an AVIC Beijing group company. As a consequence of a public takeover offer, AVIC Beijing further increased its indirect share in KHD in the 2014 financial year. As of June 30, 2020, AVIC Beijing continues to hold the majority of KHD shares indirectly with 89.02%.

Relationships to other Related Companies

KHD concluded a consulting contract in the 2019 financial year with 4-stream consulting GmbH, Roetgen, a company related to Management Board member Dr. Matthias Jochem (since June 1, 2019) as an affiliated company. According to the contractual agreement, € 104 thousand was recorded by KHD as expenses for consulting service provided in the period from January 1 through June 30, 2020. The liabilities due to 4-stream consulting GmbH amounted to € 26 thousand as of June 30, 2020 (as of December 31, 2019: € 15 thousand).

KHD granted two loans to AVIC International Kairong Limited (AVIC Kairong), Hong Kong, each for € 50,000 thousand, in the 2017 financial year. According to the contractual agreement of June 30, 2020, the term of the two loans was extended by three years. Interest on the two loans as of the beginning of the extended terms (July 22, 2020 and November 13, 2020) amounts to 5% per annum. The loans bear interest of 6% and 5.7% per annum, respectively. KHD has the right to demand full or partial repayment of a loan at any time before the due date with a notification period of 30 days. AVIC Kairong also has the right to repay the loan in full or in part before the due date with a written notification period of 30 days. Both loans are secured by a corporate guarantee from AVIC. Because the remaining term of the loans is longer than 12 months, they are reported under other non-current financial assets.

The following transactions took place with related companies in the first half-year 2020:

Income

in € thousand	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2020	Jan. 1 - June 30, 2019
Indirect parent company	3,500	416
Other related companies	2,958	2,941
	6,458	3,357

The income with indirect parent companies related exclusively to income from project business. Only interest income from the loans extended to AVIC Kairong in the amount of \notin 2,958 thousand (previous year: \notin 2,941 thousand) is reported under income with other affiliated companies.

Expenses

In the first half-year 2020 there were no expenses from transactions with indirect parent companies (as of June 30, 2019: € 2,179 thousand). The expenses in the previous year were a result of contract costs for projects in which AVIC is KHD's customer.

Current assets

in € thousand	June 30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
Indirect parent company	3,283	3,005
Other related companies	1,709	1,495
	4,992	4,500

As of June 30, 2020, current assets due from the companies of the AVIC Group amounted to \in 4,992 thousand (as of December 31, 2019: \in 4,500 thousand). These are primarily the result of receivables (including advance payments) from projects and interest receivables. In addition, the loans granted to AVIC Kairong for a total of \in 100,000 thousand were reported as current assets from other related companies as of December 31, 2019.

Non-current Assets

Following the extension, the two loans granted to AVIC Kairong were reclassified under the non-current assets as of June 30, 2020. As a result, \in 100,000 thousand (as of December 31, 2019: \in 0 thousand) are reported as non-current assets from other related companies.

Liabilities

Liabilities due to indirect parent companies amount to € 933 thousand (as of December 31, 2019: € 984 thousand).

11. Additional Notes on Financial Instruments

List of Financial Assets and Liabilities by Category

June 30, 2020		Finar	ncial assets		F	Financial Liabilities			
	Mea	asurement	according to I	FRS 9	Measure	ement accordi	ng to IFRS 9		
in € thousand	Fair value through OCl	Fair value through P&L	Amortized cost	Not in IFRS 9 application area	Fair value through P&L	Amortized cost	Not in IFRS 9 application area	Carrying amount June 30, 2020	Fair value June 30, 2020
Non-current financial assets	-	-	102,121	-	-	-	-	102,121	100,449
Trade receivables	-	-	16,194	-	-	-	-	16,194	-
Related party receivables	-	-	4,991	-	-	-	-	4,991	-
Contract assets Other financial	-	-	8,003	-	-	-	-	8,003	-
assets	-	723	86	-	-	-	-	809	723
Derivatives	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Other receivables	-	-	2,216	3,046	-	-	-	5,262	-
Cash and cash									
equivalents Total	-	-	73,947	-	-	-	-	73,947	-
financial assets		724	207,558	3,046	-	-	-	211,328	101,173
Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	57	-
Loan	-	-	-	-	-	25,000	-	25,000	-
Contract liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	46,395	-	46,395	-
Other liabilities	-	-	_	-	_	4,672	2,835	7,507	-
Derivatives	-	-	-	-	226	-	-	226	226
Trade payables		-			-	47,726	_	47,726	-
Total financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	226	123,850	2,835	126,911	226

Dec.31, 2019	Mag		according to I		Financial Liabilities Measurement according to IFRS 9				
in € thousand	Fair value through OCI	Fair Value through P&L	Amortized cost	Not in IFRS 9 application area	Fair value through P&L	Amortized cost	Not in IFRS 9 application area	Carrying amount Dec. 31, 2019	Fair value Dec. 31, 2019
Non-current financial assets	-	-	2,252	-	-	-	-	2,252	-
Trade receivables	-	-	23,342	-	-	-	-	23,342	-
Related party receivables	-	-	3,855	-	-	-	-	3,855	-
Contract assets	-	-	3,754	-	-	-	-	3,754	-
Other financial assets	-	1,017	100,086	-	-	-	-	101,103	101,074
Derivatives	-	53	-	-	-	-	-	53	53
Other receivables	-	-	1,659	3,165	-	-	-	4,824	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	82,622		-		-	82,622	-
Total financial assets	-	1,070	217,570	3,165	-	-	-	221,805	101,127
Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	57	-
Loan	-	-	-	-	-	25,000	-	25,000	-
Contract liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	46,395	-	46,395	-
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	5,190	3,082	8,272	-
Derivatives	-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Trade payables Total	-	-	-		-	26,082		26,082	
financial liabilities	-	-		-	-	102,724	3,082	105,806	-

The carrying amounts reported as of June 30, 2020 are equivalent to the fair values in the instances where there is no explicit disclosure.

The fair values for the financial assets and liabilities held for trading purposes and for the long term guaranteed loan to AVIC Kairong accounted for with respect to amortized costs are classified within the hierarchy described below:

- The fair values of the listed securities that are held for trading are determined by reference to quoted market prices.
- The fair value of derivatives is calculated on the basis of discounted cash flow analyses, using corresponding yield curves for the term to maturity of the instruments concerned.

Financial assets and financial liabilities	Fair value		Level	Measurement method	significant unobservable input(s)
	June 30, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019			put(0)
Derivatives	Financial assets: € 1 thousand Financial liabilities: € 226 thousand	Financial assets: € 53 thousand Financial liabilities: € 0 thousand	level 2	Discounted cash flow	N/A
Securities	Financial assets: € 723 thousand	Financial assets: € 1,017 thousand	level 1	listed price on active market	N/A

There was no reclassification between levels 1 and 2 in the current reporting period.

12. Other Information

Within the scope of its normal business activities, the KHD Group has contingent liabilities due to advance guarantees, performance bonds, and guarantees for warranty obligations. The Group does not anticipate any material liabilities due to these commitments. The arranged bank guarantee credit facilities allow individual KHD Group companies to provide bank guarantees for its customers worldwide. As part of these guarantee facilities, the Group has provided bank guarantees within the scope of its normal business activities in the amount of \in 49.5 million (as of December 31, 2019: \in 44.9 million).

13. Responsibility Statement

To the best of our knowledge we assure that, in accordance with the applicable reporting standards for interim financial reporting, the interim consolidated financial statements, in accordance with the accounting standards generally accepted in Germany, give a true and fair view of the net assets, financial position, and result of operations of the Group, and the interim Group management report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Group along with a description of the principal opportunities and risks associated with the expected development of the Group for the remainder of the financial year.

In addition, we assure that the interim financial report complies with the regulations of IAS 34 in addition to further applicable International Accounting Standards and the applicable interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee.

Cologne, Germany, August 14, 2020

The Management Board

(s) Yizhen Zhu

(s) Jürgen Luckas

Dr. Matthias Jochem

(s) Tao Xing

(s) Matthias Mersmann